

Trading Update Presentation

Results for the Nine Months Ended 30 September 2022

Release: 24 November 2022



Disclaimer

You must read the following before continuing

This presentation has been prepared by Thame and London Limited, TVL Finance plc and Travelodge Hotels Limited (collectively, "the "Company") solely for informational purposes. For the purposes of this disclaimer, the presentation that follows shall mean and include the slides that follow, the oral presentation of the slides by the Company or any person on their behalf, any question and answer session that follows the oral presentation, hard copies of this document and any materials distributed in connection with the presentation. By attending the meeting at which the presentation is made, dialling into the teleconference during which the presentation is made or reading the presentation, you will be deemed to have agreed to all of the restrictions that apply with regard to the presentation and acknowledged that you understand the legal and regulatory sanctions attached to the misuse, disclosure or improper circulation of the presentation. The Company does not make any representation or warranty or other assurance, express or implied, that this document or the information contained herein or the assumptions on which they are based are accurate, complete, adequate, fair, reasonable or up to date and they should not be relied upon as such. The Company does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss or damage suffered by any person as a result of relying on all or any part of this document and any liability is expressly disclaimed.

The Company has included non-IFRS financial measures in this presentation. These measurements may not be comparable to those of other companies. Reference to these non-IFRS financial measures should be considered in addition to IFRS financial measures, but should not be considered a substitute for results that are presented in accordance with IFRS.

The information contained in this presentation has not been subject to any independent audit or review. A significant portion of the information contained in this document, including all market data and trend information, is based on estimates or expectations of the Company, and there can be no assurance that these estimates or expectations are or will prove to be accurate. Our internal estimates have not been verified by an external expert, and we cannot guarantee that a third party using different methods to assemble, analyse or compute market information and data would obtain or generate the same results. We have not verified the accuracy of such information, data or predictions contained in this report that were taken or derived from industry publications, public documents of our competitors or other external sources. Further, our competitors may define our and their markets differently than we do. In addition, past performance of the Company is not indicative of future performance. The future performance of the Company will depend on numerous factors which are subject to uncertainty.

Certain statements contained in this document that are not statements of historical fact, including, without limitation, any statements preceded by, followed by or including the words "will," "targets," "believes," "expects," "aims," "intends," "may," "anticipates," "would," "could" or similar expressions or the negative thereof, constitute forward-looking statements, notwithstanding that such statements are not specifically identified. In addition, certain statements may be contained in press releases, and in oral and written statements made by or with the approval of the Company that are not statements of historical fact and constitute forward-looking statements. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: (i) statements about future financial and operating results; (ii) statements of strategic objectives, business prospects, future financial condition, budgets, potential synergies to be derived from acquisitions, projected levels of production, projected costs and projected levels of revenues and profits of the Company or its management or board of directors; (iii) statements of future economic performance; and (iv) statements of assumptions underlying such statements.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions which are difficult to predict and outside of the control of the management of the Company. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. We have based these assumptions on information currently available to us, if any one or more of these assumptions turn out to be incorrect, actual market results may differ from those predicted. While we do not know what impact any such differences may have on our business, if there are such differences, our future results of operations and financial condition, and the market price of the notes, could be materially adversely affected. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to the Company or any person acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements referenced above. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which such statements are made. The Company expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

We have included other operating information in this presentation, some of which we refer to as "key performance indicators." We believe that it is useful to include this operating information as we use it for internal performance analysis, and the presentation by our business divisions of these measures facilitates comparability with other companies in our industry, although our measures may not be comparable with similar measurements presented by other companies. Such operating information should not be considered in isolation or construed as a substitute for measures prepared in accordance with IFRS.

The presentation does not constitute or form part of, and should not be construed as, an offer to sell or issue, or the solicitation of an offer to purchase, subscribe to or acquire the Company or the Company's securities, or an inducement to enter into investment activity in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation, inducement or sale would be unlawful prior to registration, exemption from registration or qualification under the securities laws of such jurisdiction. No part of this presentation, nor the fact of its distribution, should form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with, any contract or commitment or investment decision whatsoever. This presentation is not for publication, release or distribution in any jurisdiction where to do so would constitute a violation of the relevant laws of such jurisdiction nor should it be taken or transmitted into such jurisdiction.



Summary

Record financial results

- Record financial results for the period, surpassing 2019 full year results by the end of the third quarter
- Strong leisure and "blue collar" demand with continued recovery of "white collar" demand
- Outperformed against the competitive segment for the eighth consecutive year
- Strong cost control, but inflationary pressure
- Overall financial results for the nine months ended 30 September 2022 (vs 2019):
 - Total underlying revenue up 22.7% to £669.9m (2019: £546.1m) (2021: £347.7m)
 - LFL RevPAR⁽¹⁾ up 20.8% to £51.80 (2019: £42.86) (2021: £29.76)
 - RevPAR growth⁽¹⁾ 10.8 pts ahead of competitive segment vs 2019
 - EBITDA (adjusted)⁽²⁾ of £164.4m (2019: £102.2m) (2021: £43.7m)
- Cash at 30 September of £221.6m
- Term loan fully repaid on 26 October
- Rating agency upgrade (Moody's) from Caa1 to B3 on 17 November
- 5 new hotels opened in the period, including one Irish franchise

^{2.} EBITDA (adjusted) = Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and before rent phasing adjustment, non-underlying items and reflective of the position in line with historic accounting principles (before IFRS16). This measure reflects the rent reductions following the CVA which completed on 19 June 2020, recognised in line with the cash benefit. Non-underlying items have been removed as they relate to non-recurring, one-off items.



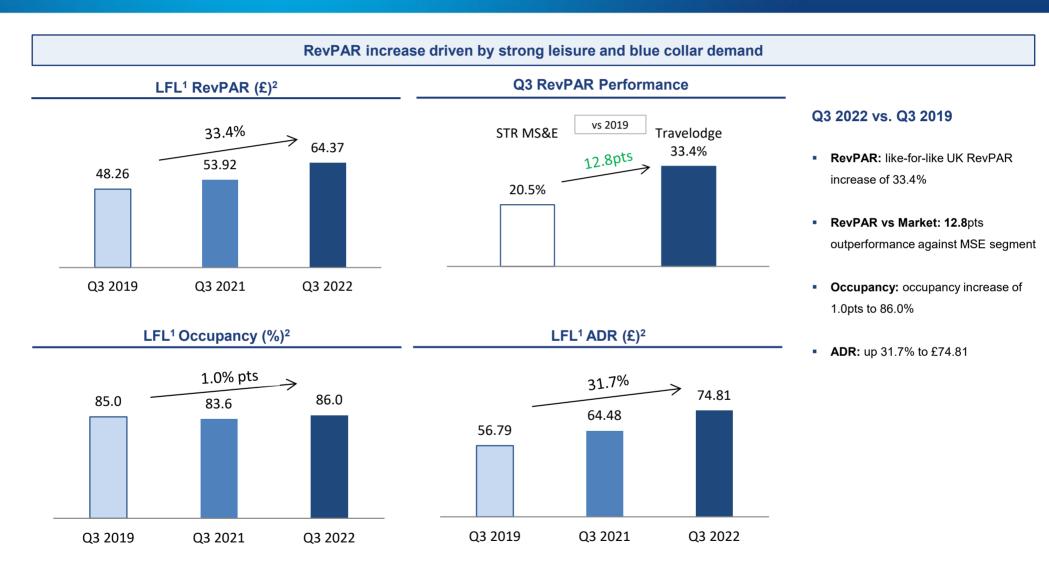
RevPAR is computed as the product of the Average Daily Rate for a specified period multiplied by the Occupancy for that period. Like-for-like ("LFL") RevPAR compares the RevPAR in Q3 YTD 2022 vs. Q3 YTD 2019 on the basis of RevPAR generated by hotels that were opened before 1 January 2019.

Q3 YTD Results



Q3 Operating Metrics

Strong leisure and 'blue collar' demand, as well as some recovery in 'white collar' demand, combined with continued outperformance driving record results for the quarter



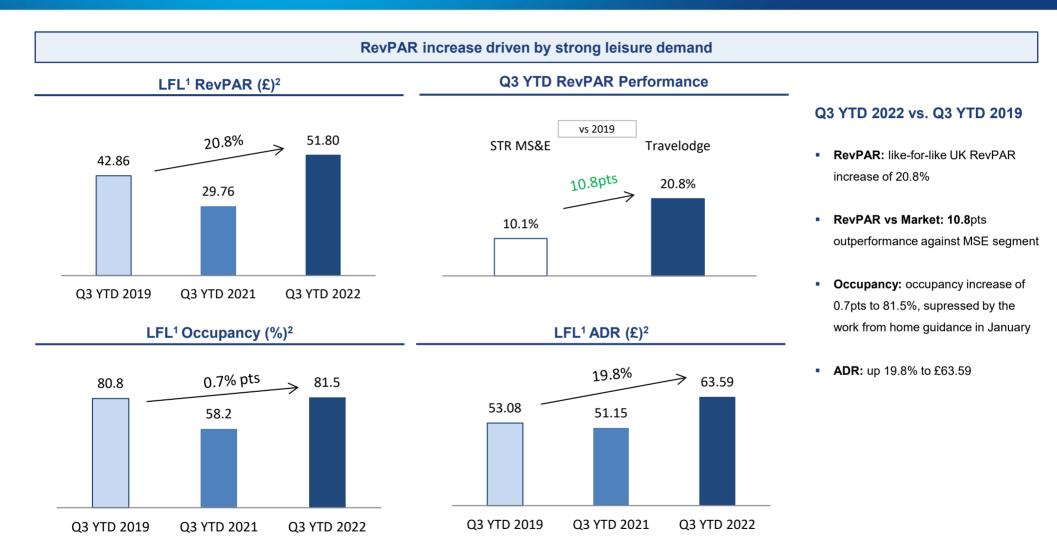
^{1.} RevPAR is computed as the product of the Average Daily Rate for a specified period multiplied by the Occupancy for that period. Like-for-like (LFL) RevPAR compares the RevPAR in Q3 2022 vs. Q3 2021 and 2019 on the basis of RevPAR generated by hotels in the UK that were opened before 1 January 2019.



^{2.} Occupancy, ADR and RevPAR for UK leased estate only.

Q3 YTD Operating Metrics

Record results for the period driven by strong leisure and 'blue collar' demand together with a more gradual recovery in 'white collar' demand



^{1.} RevPAR is computed as the product of the Average Daily Rate for a specified period multiplied by the Occupancy for that period. Like-for-like (LFL) RevPAR compares the RevPAR in Q3 YTD 2022 vs. Q3 YTD 2021 and 2019 on the basis of RevPAR generated by hotels in the UK that were opened before 1 January 2019.

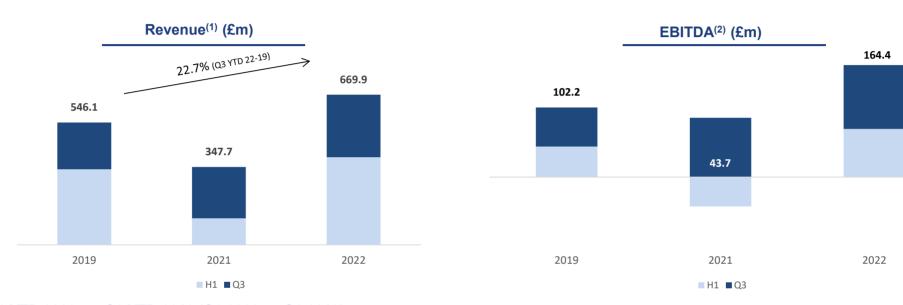


^{2.} Occupancy, ADR and RevPAR for UK leased estate only.

Q3 YTD Financial Results

Record financial results, surpassing 2019 full year results by the end of the third quarter





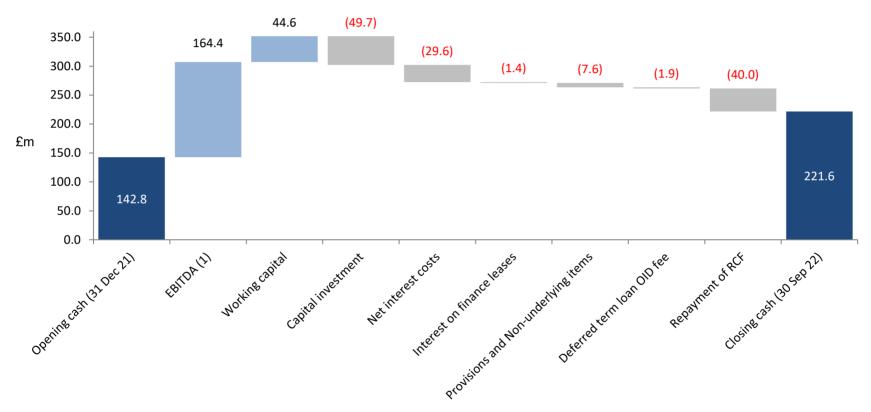
Q3 YTD 2022 vs. Q3 YTD 2019 (Q3 2022 vs Q3 2019)

- Revenue increase of 22.7%/£123.8m driven by LFL RevPAR increase and new openings (Q3 increase of 33.5%/£69.9m)
 - Like-for-like UK RevPAR increase of 20.8% driven by strong leisure and "blue collar" business demand
 - Annualisation and maturity of the 17 new hotels added in 2021 and five new openings (including one Irish franchise)
- EBITDA⁽¹⁾ increased by £62.2m to £164.4m (Q3 increased by £36.3m)
 - Revenue increase
 - Continued strong cost control and management of supply chain pressures, but experiencing inflationary pressure
 - Total underlying revenue.
- 2. EBITDA (adjusted) = Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and before rent phasing adjustment, non-underlying items and reflective of the position in line with historic accounting principles (before IFRS16). This measure reflects the rent reductions following the CVA which completed on 19 June 2020, recognised in line with the cash benefit. Non-underlying items have been removed as they relate to non-recurring, one-off items.



Q3 YTD Cash Flow

Cash inflow driven by EBITDA and seasonal working capital benefit



- Cash inflow of £78.8m, with EBITDA and working capital inflow partially offset by capital investments, interest costs and £40m RCF repayment
- · Working capital benefit mainly driven by increase in prepaid rooms and the increase in the VAT creditor, reflecting the trading performance
- · Capital investment relates mainly to hotel maintenance, health & safety, refit, IT and new development

^{1.} EBITDA (adjusted) = Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and before rent phasing adjustment, non-underlying items and reflective of the position in line with historic accounting principles (before IFRS16). This measure reflects the rent reductions following the CVA which completed on 19 June 2020, recognised in line with the cash benefit. Non-underlying items have been removed as they relate to non-recurring, one-off items.



Net Debt and Leverage

Over £100m of de-leveraging in 2022

Debt (£m)

£m	30-Sep
Cash and Cash Equivalents	221.6
Revolving credit facility	-
Super senior term loan	61.2
Senior secured floating rate bond	440.0
Senior secured fixed rate bond	65.0
Senior Secured Debt	566.2
Finance leases	14.5
Total Third Party Indebtedness	580.7
Net Third Party Indebtedness	359.1

Liquidity / Financial Ratios

- Cash on balance sheet: £221.6m at 30 September 2022
- RCF: undrawn at 30 September 2022 (£40m available facility). Stepped maintenance covenant tests and minimum liquidity covenant in place from 31 March 2022 to 30 June 2023 inclusive
- Term loan: repaid in full on 26 October
- Over £100m of de-leveraging in 2022
- Letter of credit facility: £30m (currently £24.9m utilised)
- All relevant debt transitioned from LIBOR to SONIA
- £300m interest rate cap expired 15 October 2022
- Moody's credit rating upgrade to B3 stable outlook on 17 November

Note:

- 1. Before IFRS16
- 2. Super Senior Term Loan includes capitalised PIK interest of £1.2m



Recent Trading and Outlook



Recent Trading

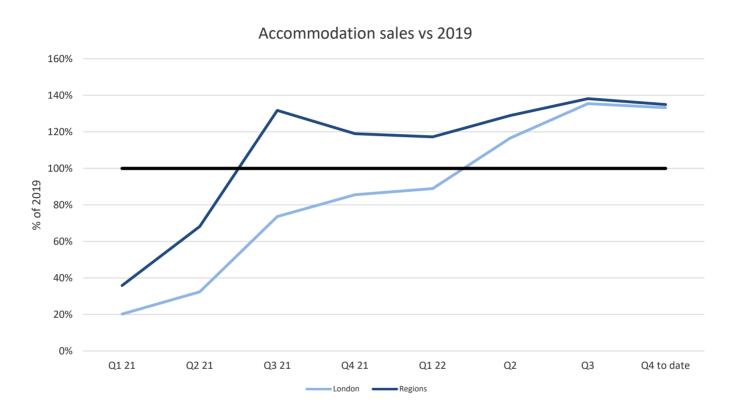
Strong trading performance continues

- Strong trading performance has continued into the fourth quarter
 - Benefiting from continued strong leisure demand, including events
 - Ongoing good 'blue collar' demand and improving 'white collar' demand
 - Encouraging trading patterns following transition from seasonal leisure periods into more typical business demand weeks
 - Central London continues to benefit from weekend leisure demand and improved mid-week demand
 - Encouraging forward booking patterns but still with very limited visibility
- Midscale and Economy segment continues to outperform UK hotel market
 - benefiting from strong domestic leisure demand and focus on blue collar business
- Travelodge continues to outperform the segment
- Continue to manage costs and cash
 - experiencing inflationary pressures, but strong cost control and management of supply chain challenges
 - capex well controlled, with additional refit spend forecast following the better trading performance
 - term loan repaid in full on 26 October, balancing investment with deleveraging
- Cash at 16 November of c. £185m (before quarterly rent and other month end payments)
- Rating agency upgrade (Moody's) from Caa1 to B3 on 17 November



Recent Trading

Revenues in recent weeks⁽¹⁾ c. 35% ahead of 2019 levels, continued track record of outperformance



- Strong performance continues with all weeks and markets ahead of 2019 levels
- Regional leisure and "blue collar" demand remains strong
- · London benefiting from both leisure and corporate demand, including Central London mid-week demand
- Continuing to outperform the MSE segment at similar levels, in both the Regions and London



Outlook Considerations

Uncertain macro-economic backdrop but well positioned

- Revenue: uncertain macro-economic backdrop with both upside and downside potential
 - pressure on household spending and consumer choices
 - potential trade down to budget hotel segment
 - further positive demand drivers including staycation, changes in working patterns, events and inbound demand
 - 1% point of RevPAR growth vs 2019 impacts profits by c. £6-7m
- Costs: largely fixed cost base
 - National Living Wage, increasing by 9.7% to £10.42 in April 2023
 - increased inflationary pressures impacting costs, including laundry, F&B and rent
 - energy fully hedged to March 2023, significant increases expected from April
 - rent on five-yearly reviews, with the review profile split over five years, 2022: £235 £240m, 2023 estimate: £250 £260m
- Capex: expecting c. £80m in 2022 and to continue at similar levels in 2023
 - restarted refit programme with new look and feel rooms, on track to complete 65 refits in 2022 (with 50 completed to date)
 - continued focus on health and safety and maintenance, as well as IT, development and investment in projects, including energy efficiency
 - will continue to be reviewed in line with trading conditions
- New openings:
 - five new UK leased hotels and one Irish franchise opened in 2022, number of deals impacted by 2020 pandemic
 - expecting to return to more normal levels over the next few years, with ten new hotels expected in 2023



Summary

Record financials results, well positioned

- Record performance, surpassing 2019 full year results by the end of the third quarter
- Driven by strong leisure and "blue collar" demand, with continued recovery in "white collar" demand
- Travelodge's unrivalled track record of outperformance continues
- Cash position strong, investment balanced with further de-leveraging, rating agency upgrade
- Uncertain backdrop due to current political and macro-economic environment
- Budget hotel segment has proven resilience and is expected to benefit from a number of positive demand drivers
- Inflationary cost pressures expected to continue in 2023
- Well-positioned
 - large and diversified network of hotels
 - strong brand and direct distribution model
 - value proposition, domestic travel focus, business/leisure mix
- Confident in the long-terms prospects for budget hotels and excited about future growth opportunities



Q&A

Appendices



Company Overview

Strength through brand, scale and operational expertise

Who We Are

- UK's second largest hotel brand based on number of hotels and rooms
- Positioned in the attractive value segment with 595 hotels (as at 30 Sep 2022) and serving 16m business and leisure customers in 2021
- Well invested estate
- Well balanced approximately even business / leisure customer split
- Almost 90% booking direct, with c. 80% through own websites
- Low upfront capex leasehold model

Where We Are (as at 30 September 2022)

United Kingdom

London

- 78 Hotels
- 9,646 Rooms
- 21% of total Rooms
- Regions³
- 501 Hotels
- 34,131 Rooms
- 75% of total Rooms

International

Spain

- 5 Hotels
- 621 Rooms
- 1% of total Rooms

Ireland/NI⁴

- 11 Hotels
- 1,226 Rooms
- 3% of total Rooms



Key Statistics (FY2019)		
Hotels (30 September 2022)	595	
Rooms (30 September 2022)	45,624	
Occupancy ¹	80.6%	
ADR ¹	£51.82	
RevPAR ¹	£41.75	
Revenue	£727.9m	
EBITDAR	£337.8m	
EBITDA (adjusted) ⁵	£129.1m	
Rent Cover ²	1.6x	



- 1. Occupancy, ADR and RevPAR for Travelodge UK leased Hotels only.
- 2. Represents the ratio of EBITDAR to net external rent payable.
- 3. Includes 11 hotels operated under management contracts.
- 4. Operations in island of Ireland under a master franchise.
- 5. EBITDA (adjusted) = Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and before rent phasing adjustment, non-underlying items and reflective of the position in line with historic accounting principles (before IFRS16). This measure reflects the rent reductions following the CVA which completed on 19 June 2020, recognised in line with the cash benefit. Non-underlying items have been removed as they relate to non-recurring, one-off items.



Travelodge Is One Of The Leading Platforms In The UK

- 1 UK is a Structurally Attractive Market with Long-Term Tailwinds MS&E the Standout
- 2 Outstanding Brand Recognition Driving Outperformance and Growth
- 3 Compelling Guest Proposition with Extremely Varied Customer Profile



- 4 National Footprint with Well Invested Estate
- 5 Proven and Sustained Outperformance Versus the Market and Competition
- 6 Highly Effective Direct Distribution and Revenue Management Systems
- Industry-leading Lean and Efficient Operating Model
- 8 Clear and Significant Opportunities for Further Growth

